Consolidated Financial Statements of

DOWNTOWN WINDSOR BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the Corporation of the City of Windsor

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Downtown Windsor Business Improvement Association (the Entity) which comprise of:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022
- the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in net financial assets for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes and schedule to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2022, and its consolidated results of operations and accumulated surplus and its consolidated changes in net financial assets and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.



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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants Windsor, Canada November 13, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2021
\$ 436,585	\$	204,434
165,402		228,745
22,851		33,366
624,838		466,545
116,161		53,544
508,677		413,001
92,577		86,670
7,435		5,673
100,012		92,343
\$ 608,689	\$	505,344
	165,402 22,851 624,838 <u>116,161</u> 508,677 92,577 7,435 100,012	165,402 22,851 624,838 <u>116,161</u> 508,677 92,577 7,435 100,012

On behalf of the Board:

_____ Director

_____ Director

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022 Budget		2022 Actual		2021 Actual
Revenue:						
City of Windsor levy	\$	667,550	\$	657,024	\$	661,558
Grants	Ŷ	187,000	Ψ	349,984	Ψ	185,909
Miscellaneous		70,500		111,133		76,540
Winter Fest		-		23,500		67,200
Farmer's Market		70,000		77,284		57,706
Interest		- ,		904		1,320
		995,050		1,219,829		1,050,233
Expenses:						
Marketing and events		375,250		548,925		364,026
Salaries and wages		187,500		206,663		194,540
Clean and safe		62,500		104,675		107,104
Administrative (schedule)		98,500		142,852		100,500
Development		35,500		25,397		51,150
Infrastructure		184,500		47,035		49,426
Communications		11,300		29,289		18,853
Other expenses		40,000		11,648		1,595
Crowdfunding		-		-		803
Support Downtown dollars		-		-		500
COVID-19 related expenditures		-		-		388
		995,050		1,116,484		888,885
Annual surplus		-		103,345		161,348
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		505,344		505,344		343,996
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	505,344	\$	608,689	\$	505,344

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Annual surplus	\$ 103,345	\$ 161,348
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Disposition of prepaid expenses Acquisition of prepaid expenses	(30,976) 25,069 3,736 (5,498)	(53,273) 17,301 7,539 (5,673)
Change in net financial assets	95,676	127,242
Net financial assets, beginning of year	413,001	285,759
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 508,677	\$ 413,001

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022		2021
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operations:				
Annual surplus	\$	103,345	\$	161,348
Amortization of tangible capital assets		25,069	-	17,301
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		63,343		(121,054)
Decrease in due from City of Windsor		10,515		10,501
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		(1,762)		1,866
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and				
accrued liabilities		62,617		(47,535)
		263,127		22,427
Investing:		<i></i>		/
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(30,976)		(53,273)
		000 454		(00.040)
Increase (decrease) in cash		232,151		(30,846)
Cash and each aquivalanta, haginning of year		204,434		225 200
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		204,434		235,280
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	436,585	\$	204,434
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

The Board of Management of the Downtown Windsor Business Improvement Association (the "Association") is entrusted with the improvement and beautification of municipally-owned lands, buildings and structures in the area as well as designated by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Windsor and the promotion of this area for business and shopping. The Association is exempt from paying income tax under Section 149 of the Income Tax Act.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The consolidated financial statements are the representations of management and are prepared in accordance with accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants.

(a) Basis of presentation:

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the revenue fund, and the reserves. All interfund assets and liabilities and revenue and expenses have been eliminated. These consolidated financial statements include Downtown Windsor Business Revitalization Association, an entity under common control with the Association.

(b) Basis of accounting:

The Association maintains its accounts on an accrual basis. Under this basis, revenue is accounted for in the period in which the transactions or events occur that give rise to the revenue. Expenses are accounted for in the period the goods and services are acquired.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a term to maturity of 90 days or less at acquisition.

(d) Non-financial assets:

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Tangible capital assets:

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost.

Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over an assets expected useful life. Residual values are assumed to be zero.

Asset classification	Useful life (years)
Computer hardware	3
Furniture and fixtures	5
Equipment	10
Leasehold improvements	term of lease

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure in contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the valuation of accounts receivable and the carrying value of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Tangible capital assets:

Cost		alance at ember 31, 2021	Additions		Disposals		Balance at ember 31, <u>2022</u>
Computer hardware Furniture and fixtures Equipment Leasehold improvements	\$	21,704 64,711 3,828 46,062	\$ 1,355 23,880 5,741 -	\$	- - -	\$	23,059 88,591 9,569 46,062
Total	\$	136,305	\$ 30,976	\$	-	\$	167,281
Accumulated amortization		Balance at ember 31, 2021	Disposals	A	mortization expense		Balance at ember 31, 2022
Computer hardware Furniture and fixtures Equipment Leasehold improvements	\$	19,225 23,013 1,210 6,187	\$ 	\$	2,449 15,370 670 6,580	\$	21,674 38,383 1,880 12,767
– Total	\$	49,635	\$ -	\$	25,069	\$	74,704
<u>Net book value</u> Computer hardware	December \$	2,479			Dec	embe \$	er <u>31, 2022</u> 1,385
Furniture and fixtures Equipment Leasehold improvements		41,698 2,618 39,875					50,208 7,689 33,295
Total	\$	86,670				\$	92,577

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

3. Accumulated surplus:

Accumulated surplus consists of individual funds' surplus as follows:

	2022	2021
Surplus: Invested in tangible capital assets Reserve for future development	\$ 56,833 551,856	\$ 62,740 442,604
Total surplus	\$ 608,689	\$ 505,344

4. Commitments:

- (i) On November 1, 2020, the Association entered into a lease agreement for premises located on 484 Pelissier Street for a fifteen-month period commencing November 1, 2020, at a monthly rate of \$1,800. The lease provides the Association with the option to extend the lease for 5 additional twelve-month terms at a rental rate of \$2,000 per month for the period commencing February 1, 2022 through January 31, 2023, and \$2,200 per month for the periods following.
- (ii) In May of 2012, the Association pledged \$50,000 to the St. Clair College MediaPlex Campus for façade improvements to be paid in annual contributions of \$5,000. At December 31, 2022, \$30,000 of the pledge remained unpaid.

Consolidated Schedule of Administrative Expenses

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

		2022 Budget		2022 Actual		2021 Actual
Rent	\$	40,000	\$	27,357	\$	28,463
Legal and audit		30,000		57,036		25,145
Amortization Insurance		- 8,000		25,069 7,224		17,301 9,727
Office equipment		12,000		5,302		7,477
Utilities		-		6,192		3,416
Telephone		2,000		7,111		3,045
Office supplies		4,000		2,940		2,528
Bank charges		2,000		1,272		2,410
Bad debts		-		3,022		780
Postage	¢	500	\$	327	\$	208
	φ	98,500	φ	142,852	φ	100,500